

National Institute of Technology, Hamirpur(H.P.)

End Term Examination (December 2020)

[Class: M.Sc. (Mathematics & Computing) (3rd Semester)]

Title of course: Functional Analysis

Course Code: MA-631

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: All questions are compulsory.

Q1 Do the followings: (Each has 2 marks)

- (i) Give an example of a metric space which is not a normed space.
- (ii) Let X be an inner product space. If $\langle x, u \rangle = \langle x, v \rangle$ for all $x \in X$, show that $u = v$.
- (iii) Define a Hilbert adjoint operator, self adjoint operator and normal operator.
- (iv) Does the $\|x\| = x^2$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, define a norm on \mathbb{R} ? Justify your answer.
- (v) Let T^n be a contraction on a Banach space X for some $n > 1$. Show that T has a unique fixed point in X .

Q2 State and prove Closed graph theorem. (10 marks)

Q3 Let H be a complex Hilbert space and T be a positive operator on H . Show that $I + T$ is invertible on H . (8 marks)

Q4 Let X and Y be normed space defined on same scalar field. If a linear operator $T: X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous on X , then show that it is bounded. (6 marks)

Q5 State and prove Schwartz inequality. (5 marks)

Q6 Let N be a normed space and x_0 be a non-zero vector in N . Using Hahn-Banach theorem, show that there is a bounded linear functional f_0 on N such that

$$f_0(x_0) = \|x_0\| \quad \text{and} \quad \|f_0\| = 1.$$

(4 marks)

Q7 Let $T: C([0, 1], \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow C([0, 1], \mathbb{R})$ be defined by

$$(Tx)(t) = \int_0^t x(\tau) d\tau.$$

Find $R(T)$ and $T^{-1}: R(T) \rightarrow C([0, 1], \mathbb{R})$. Is T^{-1} linear and bonded? (4 marks)

Q8 Let $X = l_2(\mathbb{R})$. Choose a fixed $\alpha = (\alpha_i)_{i=1}^{\infty} \in X$ and define a map $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ as $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \alpha_i x_i$, $x = (x_i)_{i=1}^{\infty} \in X$. Find the value of $\|f\|$. (3 marks)

****End of the paper****